

Mrs Wilding
Mrs Kilby
Mrs Myers – Teaching Assistant

Mrs Wilding

- I've been teaching 28 years in total.
- I joined the school 8 years ago as a teaching Assistant Head
- I am responsible for Computing, Maths and Head of Year 6
- Prior to the Grove, I worked for 15 years in St Albans and 4 in Potters Bar.



The Grove Junior School **School Behaviours**



The 3 Rs

Respect - Respect ourselves, each other and our environment.

Responsibility – taking responsibility for our actions.

Resilience – to learn from our mistakes and always try our best, even when we find things difficult.



- We expect all children to follow the behaviour code.
- We aim to create a positive learning environment where certificates and house points may be given.

Responsibilities

- Monitor roles
- Peer mediators
- Play leaders
- Role models



- Inhalers: please ensure your child has an indate, named inhaler in school at all times. They are kept in a box in the classroom.
- Epipens: same as inhalers.
- Please ensure if your child wears glasses / hearing aid they have them in school daily and that we know about them.
- Inform the office of any medical conditions, changes or updates.



- PE kit wear on days when there will be PE Tuesday and Friday
- Pencil case containing:- handwriting pen, colouring pencils/white board pen/small ruler/rubber/pot sharpener/glue stick
- Inform school about absences and any changes to person collecting from school
- Coats/rain jackets in school every day



Year 6 Autumn 2021 **Curriculum Information**



What we are learning at school

We will continue to follow Herts Essentials...

This term's units: number and place value; mental calculation and problem-solving including time; fractions; multiplication and division; statistics.

To start the term, we will be basing our writing, reading and grammar work on 'Here We Are' by Oliver Jeffers. In coming weeks, we will be using 'Letters from the Lighthouse' by Emma Carroll to stimulate writing in the context of World War II. Other texts we will be using include: 'The Lost Words' by Robert MacFarlane and 'Night of the Gargoyles' by Eve Bunting.

Living Things and their Habitats; life cycles and classification. How and why do scientists classify living things? Evolution and inheritance: How and why have living things adapted over time?

We will be looking at aspects of World War 2. Our big question is 'What was it like for children growing up in World War II?' We will developing our enquiry skills whilst identifying causes and consequences of events and questioning the authenticity and reliability of primary and secondary sources.

Children will be developing locational knowledge, using maps to locate the world's countries and continents with a focus on Europe (including Russia) and North and South America, looking at the key physical features and the human characteristics including major cities.

Developing knowledge and understanding of human geography through focusing on types of settlement and land e, economic activity, including trade links. Also concentrating on human migration and the causes of different migration

Physical Geography - looking at key aspects and understanding of climate zones biomes and vegetation belts - this will have cross-curricular links with our Science units.

How you can help at

You could visit: Duxford Museum/Hendon Museum/Imperial War Mosquito Museum, Shenley

Books taking place during in

e.g. When Hitler Stole Pink Rabbit – Judith Kerr Goodnight Mister Tom -Michelle Magorian

The Machine Gunners -Robert Westall Hitler's Canary - Sandi Toskvia Once - Maurice Gleitzman

News programmes to find out more about what is happening in the world. Children's films set in WW2

is of people

it's work and style.

ts during our computing lessons. These will include exploring issues

ts and people from different directions

- Invasion games Netball, Tag Rugby, football
- Gymnastics
- OAA Outdoor Adventurous Activities and SAQ Speed, Agility and Fitness

Our Music Curriculum will have 3 inter-related strands running through it; an instrumental strand, a listening strand

The focus is as follows:

- . Listening: we will listen to the music of the war time Polish composer Grazyna Bacewicz and compare this with the popular songs of the Second World War.
- Performing and Composing: we will create musical soundscapes to communicate war time stories.
- · Theory: we will continue to study conventional music notation combined with graphic notation and use a variety to record our compositions.

Finding out what it means to live as a Christian or a Buddhist in Britain today through reflecting upon stories and practices relating to Christmas, both sacred and secular, and other festivals.

We will continue to use the Rigolo scheme and learn vocabulary for a range of situations including school, time,

Refer to the curriculum newsletter for more detailed information - this will be on the website.

> WW2 - any grandparents/great arandparents' experiences Where have you been (or a relative/carer) where the climate and environment is different from Harpenden's? How was it different?

Try these websites:

https://ttrockstars.com/ http://www.primaryhomewor khelp.co.uk/ https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesiz

https://www.topmarks.co.uk/ maths- games/7-11-

years/times https://www.topmai https://kida 7-11-years/times-ta olution-and-inheritance-year-

https://www.ducksters.com/



	The mountain of the	
	PE	Our PE days are: Elder: Tuesday and Friday Acer: Monday and Thursday Redwood: Monday and Tuesday Children to wear PE kits to school on days when they have a PE lesson.
	Values	Running through our curriculum will be the 'My Personal Best' values of co-operation, reflection, self-discipline and empathy as well as the school's 3Rs: Responsibility, Resilience and Respect.
	Homework expectations	Each week children are expected to write at least 3 good reading reflections. In addition, there will be weekly spelling patterns to be learnt and written into sentences demonstrating an understanding of each word. Spellings will be sent out via Google Classroom every Friday and then assessed the following week. For maths, children will practise their multiplication tables using TTRockstars. For particular areas of learning, there may be some additional research tasks.



- TT Rockstars really important to know times tables and corresponding division facts
- Momework Planner to be signed each week
- Children to hand planners in on a Thursday please – to be returned to the children on a Friday
- Spelling homework this will be set through the spelling classroom



Planners should be filled in by your child three times a week.

Handwriting pen please to be used in planners or another pen with blue or black ink.

There will be a focus each week which will be written into the planner on a Friday.

Please continue to listen to your child read and discuss the texts they are reading. They may be able to read it but with good questioning, you will ensure they have understood it too.



- Any messages regarding reading can go in planner – remind children to give to me please
- Use the class email address elder@grovejm.herts.sch.uk for non-urgent messages.
- Use <u>admin@grovejm.herts.sch.uk</u> for urgent messages but copy elder@ in.

Spellings

- 8 spellings per week chosen by the children
- To be assessed on a Friday
- Children should be practising their spellings throughout the week

SATS

- Week Beginning: 09.05.2022
- Spelling and Grammar
- Reading Paper
- Arithmetic and 2 non-calculator papers
- They are important but we aim **not** to make them stressful for the children
- A few practice papers throughout the year
- Please do not look at past papers online as this may give a false result!
- Breakfast Club we will be asking for volunteers closer to the time

Antonym

opposite words

- dark and light - strong and weak

Word **Families**

group of words that can be built from the same root word

- friend, friendly, friendship

Singular & Plural Nouns

Singular nouns indicate there is one - boat, house, cat

Plural nouns

ends in vowel + n -> add s - cat > cats

consonant + o/ ends in sh, ch, x, z, s -> add es

- church > churche ends in consonant + y -> change y to i, add es

- baby > babies ends vowel + y -> add s

- toy > toys ends in f, fe -> change f to v, add es

- loaf > loaves

Formal/ Standard

type of English you should use in your written work

- Have you seen Tom?

Non-standard

informal use of language

We ain't seen him.

Vocabulary & Spelling

Standard English Punctuation

SATS Companion

Prefix add to the beginning Commas, of the word to make

Speech

speech marks

go to school.

said Peter

repeating what someone said; do not need to use

Peter said he did not want to

write down exactly what the

commas ("speech marks")

person is saying; use inverted

- "I don't want to go to school,"

Capital

.?!

endings

Indirect

- Hyphens, Bullet

Points used to show pauses, make lists, and add extra bits of information in the middle of the sentences

() Brackets, ... Ellipses, Dashes

ways of adding and removing extra information

- I had a bowl of soup (I usually have rice) for dinner

you have?

'Apostrophes

Possessive

uses apostrophe (') to show possession (one thing belongs to another) The bone of the dog -> the dog's bone

uses apostrophe (') to show you have omitted (left out) some letters in a word - You have -> you've

? Question

uses question mark to ask a question

- How many friends do

Statement

simply tells the reader something

- I have many friends

! Exclamation

uses exclamation mark to show sentence is saying something surprising or with force

- That dog is dirty!

Noun

names, person, place, or thing

Common - hand, table, dog Proper

- Sarah London Collective - team, family, herd Abstract - love, peace, hate

Obiect

who is the action

done to or far?

spoke to (verb)

Jorge (object).

Verb

the thing or person who is carrying out an action

Andrea (subject)

describes a noun

- a friendly tiny dog

Pronoun

Personal

Relative

Possessive

takes the place of a noun

I, you, she, him, we, us, they, them

my, mine, you, his, her, their, theirs

that, which, who, whom, whose,

a doing or action word

- play, work, study

Adjective

Determiners words that introduce nouns

The hurricane struck the

island whilst we were asleep.

Adverbs

or sentence

slow -> slowly

Adverbial

an adverbial phrase is when

more than one word does the

Phrase

adverb's job

adverbs give additional

information about the time

place or manner of the verb

many adjectives can be turned into

proud -> proudly, kind -> kindly,

adverbs by adding -ly to the end

tells you whether noun is

specific (the) or general (a or an) - She took a small suitcase.

- She took the small suitcase.

Preposition

where or when something is in relation to something else

after, above, on, under

The dog was under the table.

- After the exam, Lucy was happy.

Present & Past Progressive

Present progressive She is reading the book

Past Progressive

He was reading the book when I arrived.

Active & **Passive** Verbs

Active

verb where the subject does The boy hugged the teddy bear. The boy does the action.

Passive

verb where the subject of the sentence has the action done to it

- The teddy bear was hugged by the boy. The bear receives the action.

Clauses a group of words that contains a verb,

a new word

transform

trans- (means 'across'

Synonym(

Homophones

words that sound the same,

but don't mean the same

Vowels

a, e, i, o, u

Consonants

all other letters

Suffix

add to the end

of the word to

make a new word

agree + -able

- agreeable

(means 'capable of')

to, too, two

'beyond') + form =

words that mean

dirty and unclean

- sad and unhappy

simple sentence that contains subject and verb and makes sense on its own - I like dogs.

Subordinate clause (or phrase)

simple sentence which does not make sense on its own - I was born in New York, which is where my parents live.

type of subordinate clause that describes noun

She lives in Paris, which (relative pronoun) is the capital of France (relative clause).

Sentences

Verb Forms & Tenses

www. satscompanion.com

Phrases

group of words which doesn't have a verb, subject or both.

The young man

Noun Phrases starts with noun

- The old city

Adjective Phrase starts with adjective

happy at his results starts with preposition under the weather

Conjunctions

- He likes dogs and she likes cats.

- I do not like dogs because they are loud.

Co-ordinating conjunctions

Subordinating conjunctions

when, if, that, because

for, and, nor, but, or,

yet, so (FANBOYS)

Preposition Phrase

- Bring these things to the picnic: cutlery, plates, and food.

Semicolons, : Colons

Command

when you are telling

omeone to do

starts with a verb

(doing word)

- Give the pres

to your friend

omething; usually

Semicolons used to divide complicated

sentences It was very late; everyone was still not home

Connective

word or phrase that links

- also, besides, however

clauses or sentences

used at the start of lists: used in between clauses in

Types of Sentences

has one clause - Mrs Jones is a great teacher.

Compound

has 2 clauses linked together with a connective - Mrs Jones is a great teacher and

she is always helpful. Complex

has a main clause, connective and

subordinate clause - Mrs Jones, who is a great teacher,

Simple Past

Simple

Present

something which

happens regularly

I walk to school.

something that's finished

always has a smile on her face.

- I walked to school this

If I were stronger, I would lift that box.

Subjunctive Forms

subjunctive shows something imagined, wished or possible. also used in commands, wishes and requests

Present & Past Perfect Present perfect form

use have/has Little Pigs'.

Past perfect form

Modal Verbs

verb used to show the level of

show obligation, give permission

- We will have a sandwich for lunch.

You must take the test tomor

possibility, indicate ability,

use had - He had left the room.

Trips

<u>Whipsnade Zoo</u> Monday 4th October

<u>Kingswood - West Runton</u>

- Monday 23rd-Friday 27th May 2022
- Deposit letter will be going out shortly

Finally....

Thank you for attending this evening!